

Nesbitt (1998), modified from Buckovic (1979)

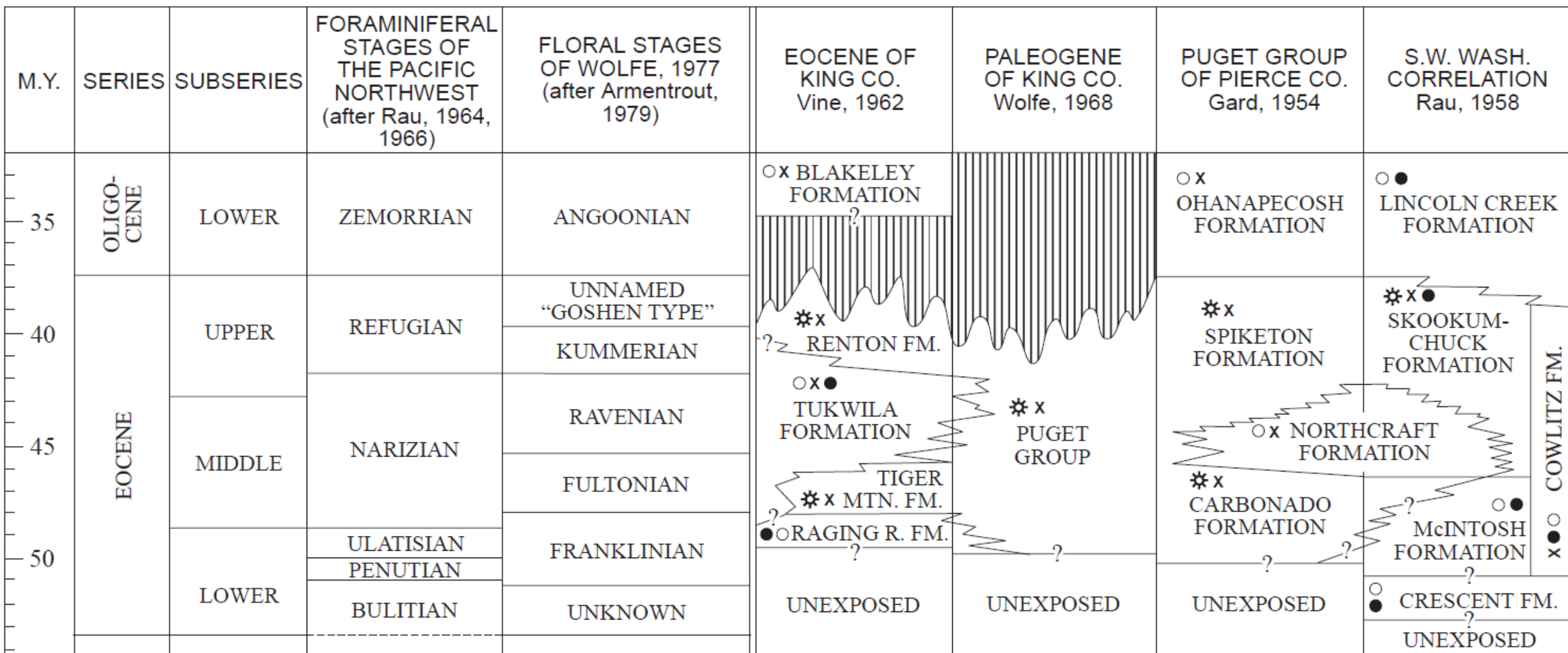


Figure 2. Correlation charts that show the stratigraphic and biostratigraphic relations of the Tukwila Formation. (Above) A stratigraphic correlation modified from Buckovic (1979). Note that the Tukwila Formation occurs only in King County. ✱, arkosic; ○, volcanic; ●, marine; x, nonmarine.

Buckovic (1979)

- 1) Issaquah
- 2) Olympia
- 3) Centralia

Figure 5a. Paleogeographic map of the lower portion of the Puget sequence in west-central Washington. Shown is the spatial distribution of deltaic and marine units.

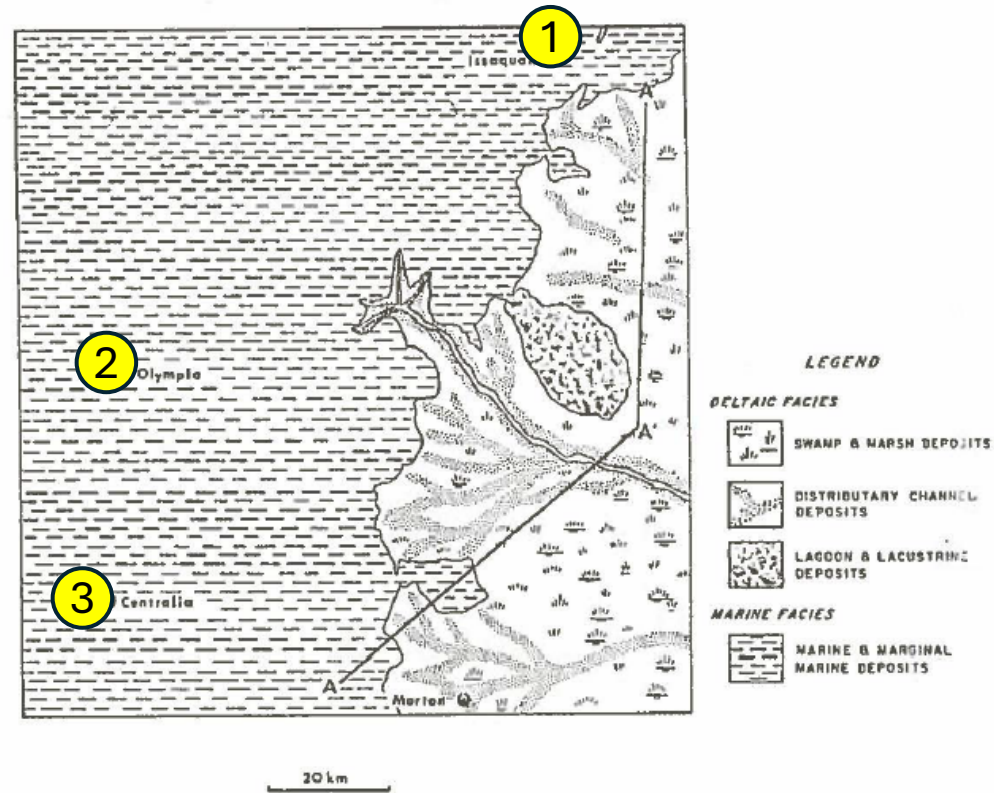
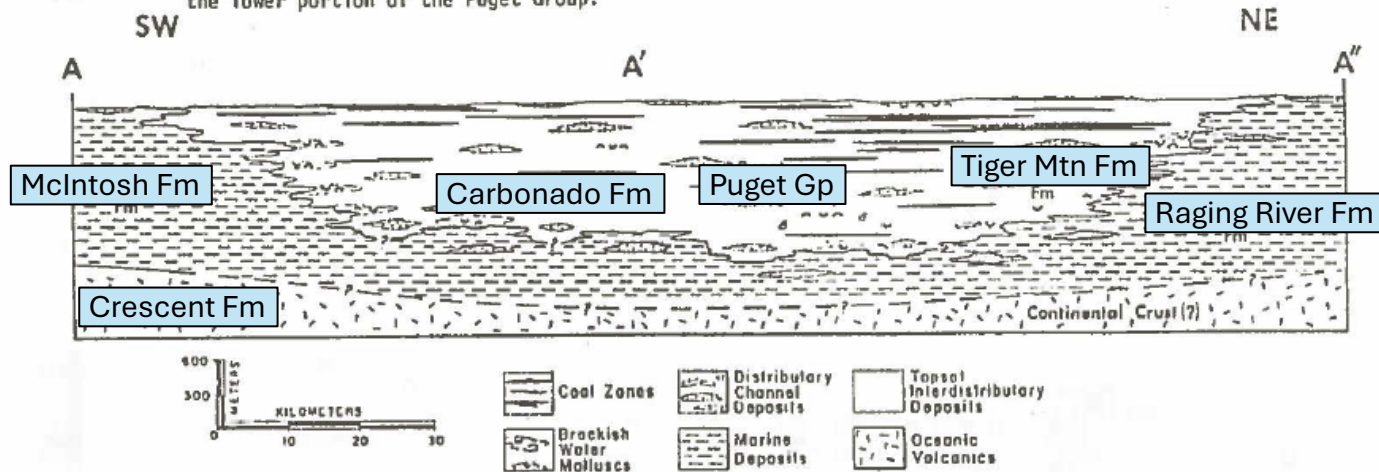


Figure 5b. Cross-section A-A" refers to the paleogeographic map (Figure 5a) of the lower portion of the Puget Group.



Buckovic (1979)

- 1) Issaquah
- 2) Olympia
- 3) Centralia

Figure 6a. Paleogeographic map of the middle portion of the Puget sequence in west-central Washington. Shown are the Tukwila and Northcraft volcanic centers (respectively on the north, and south) that are separated by Puget deltaic deposits.

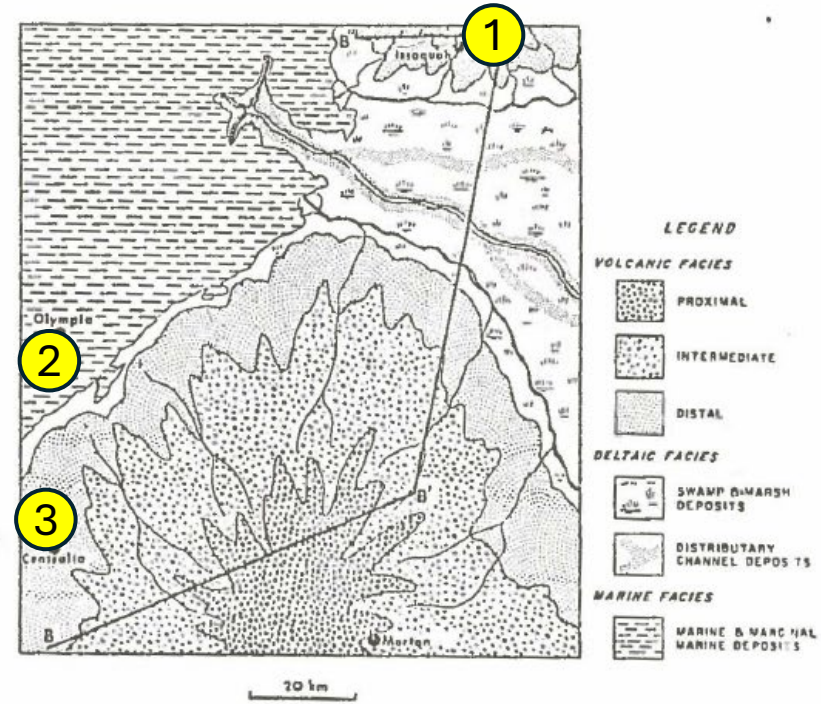
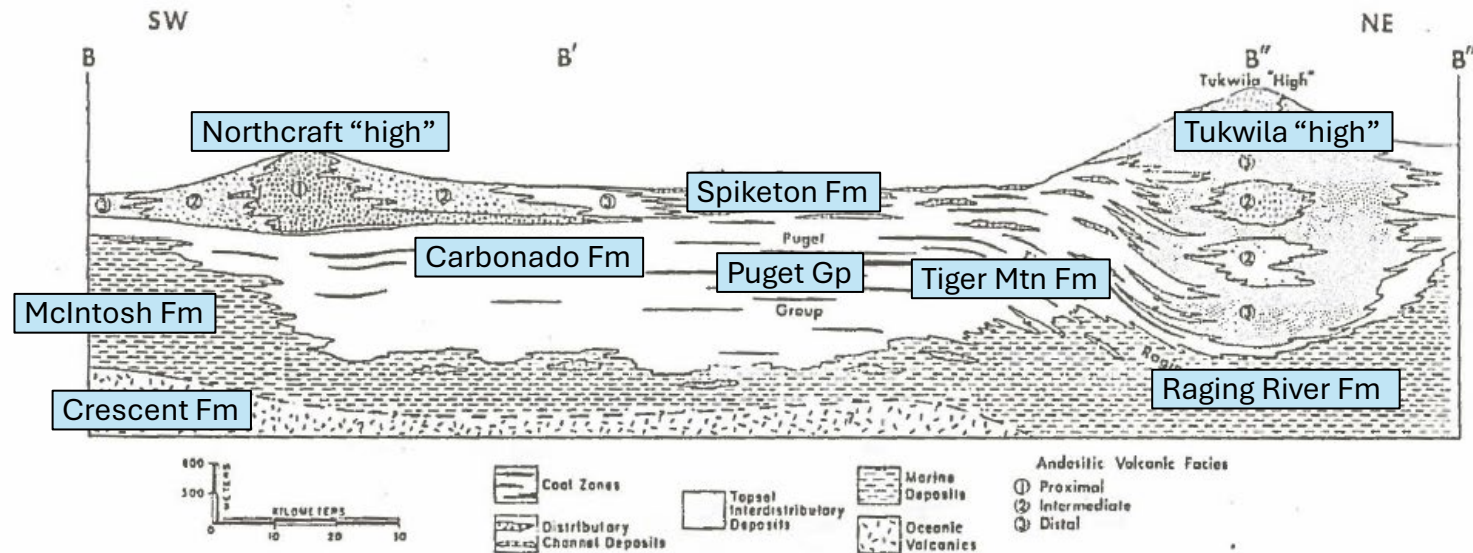


Figure 6b. Cross-section B-B' refers to the paleogeographic map (figure 6a) of the middle section of the Puget sequence.



Buckovic (1979)

- 1) Issaquah
- 2) Olympia
- 3) Centralia

Figure 7a. Paleogeographic map of the upper portion of the Puget sequence in west-central Washington. Shown is the distribution of deltaic and marine units following the burial of Northcraft and Tukwila volcanic highs.

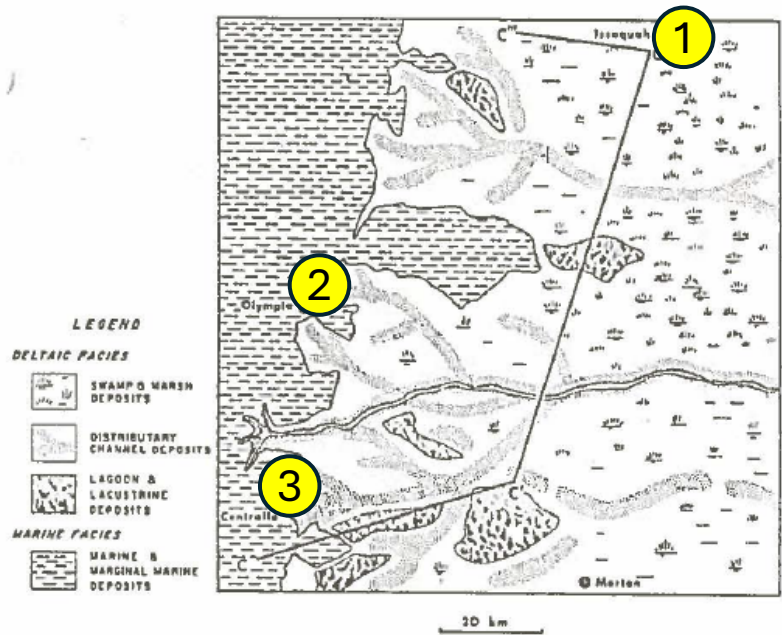
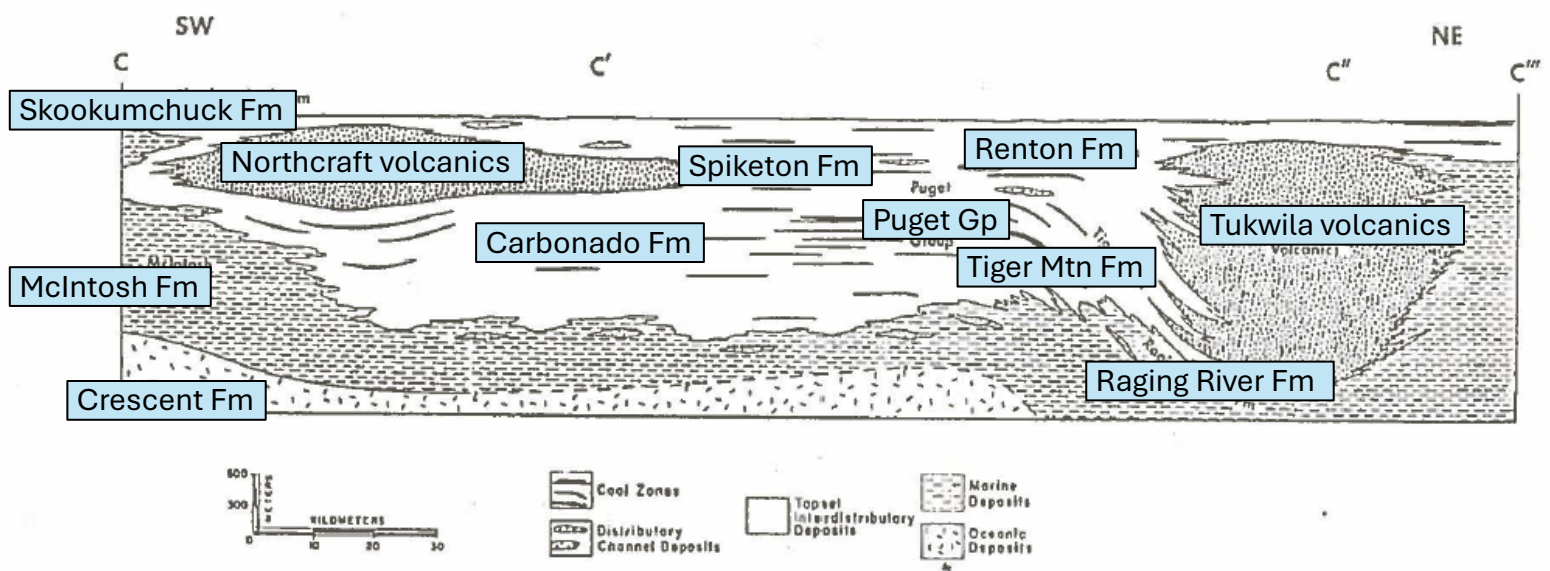
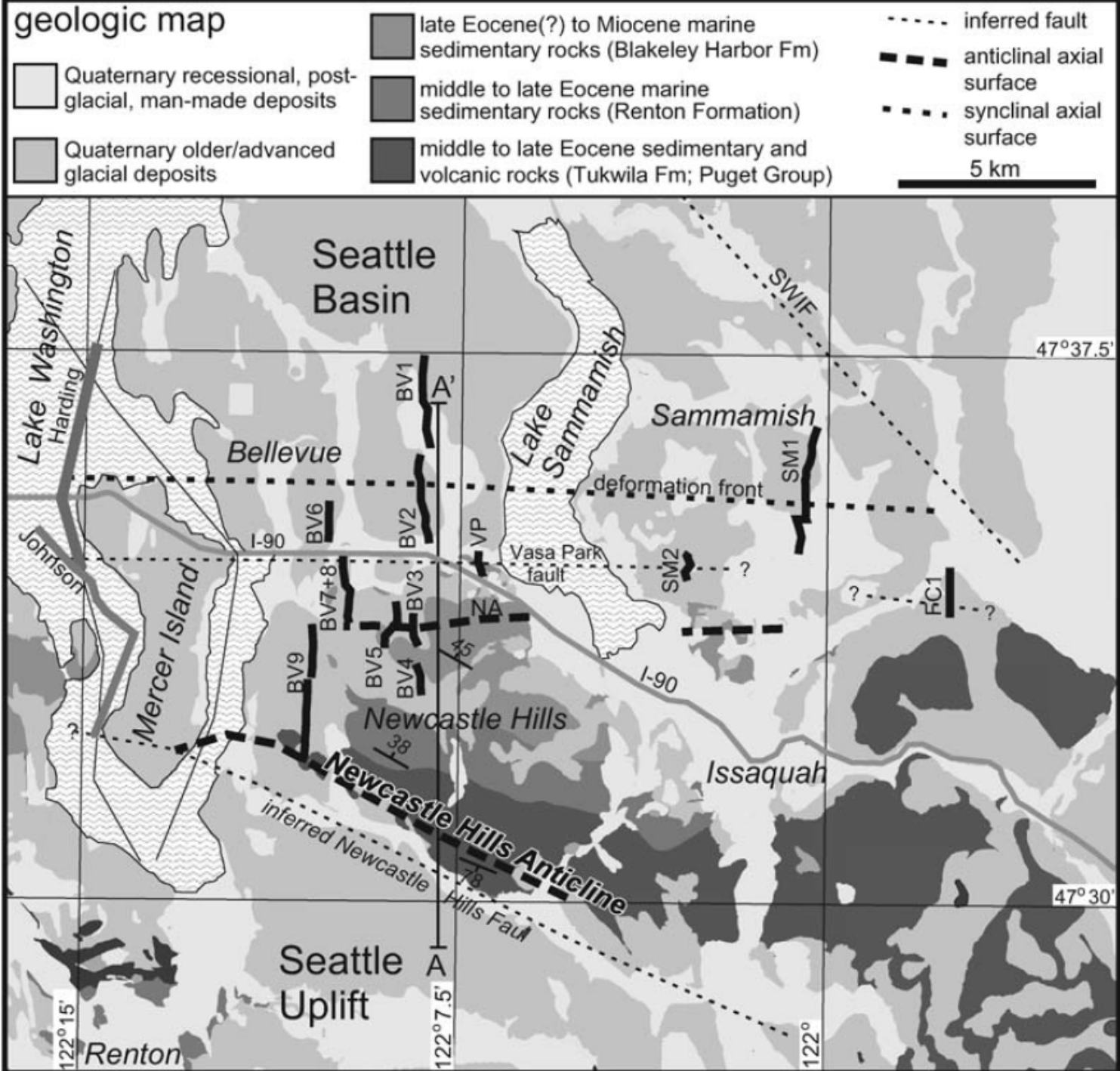
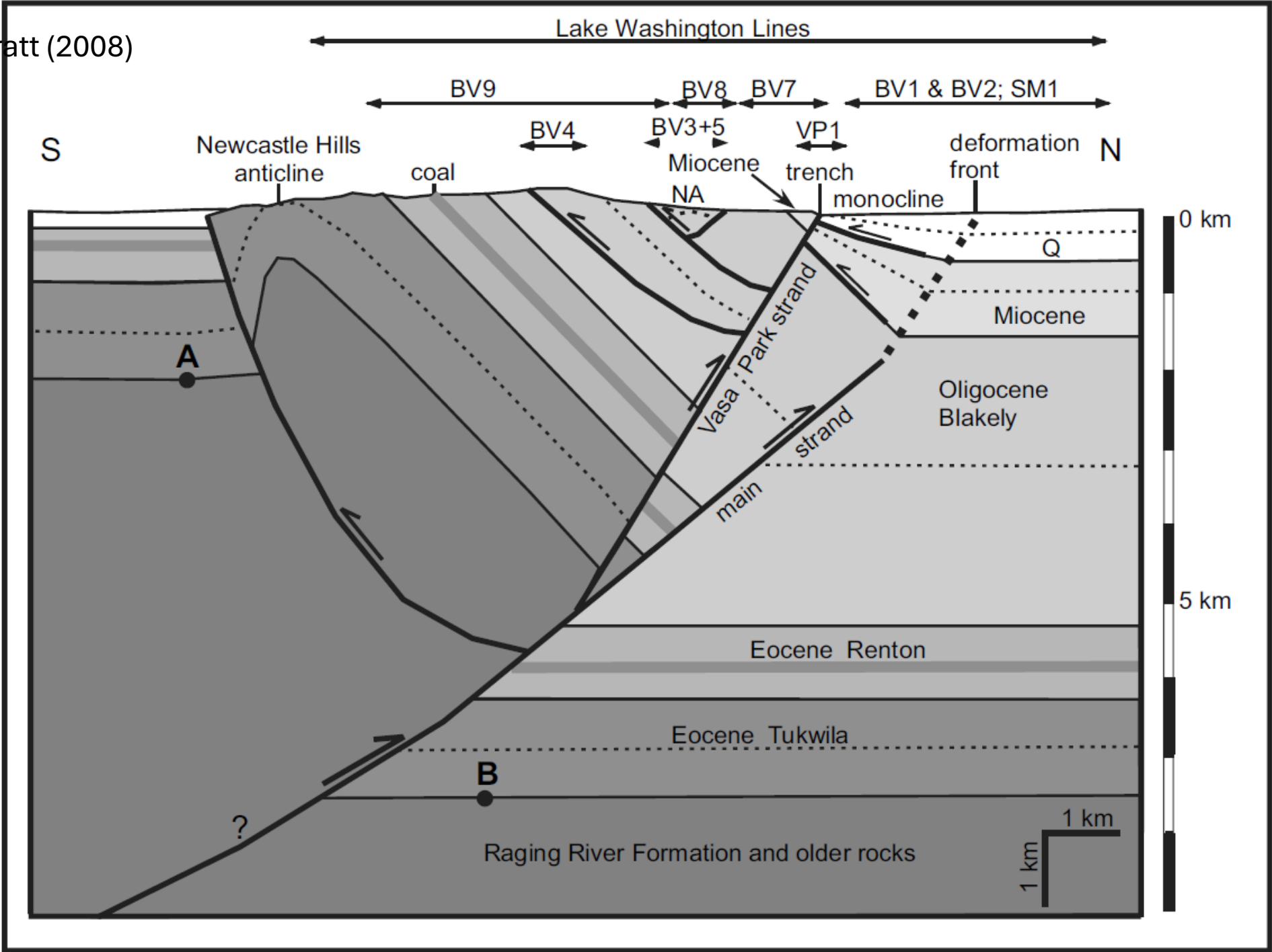
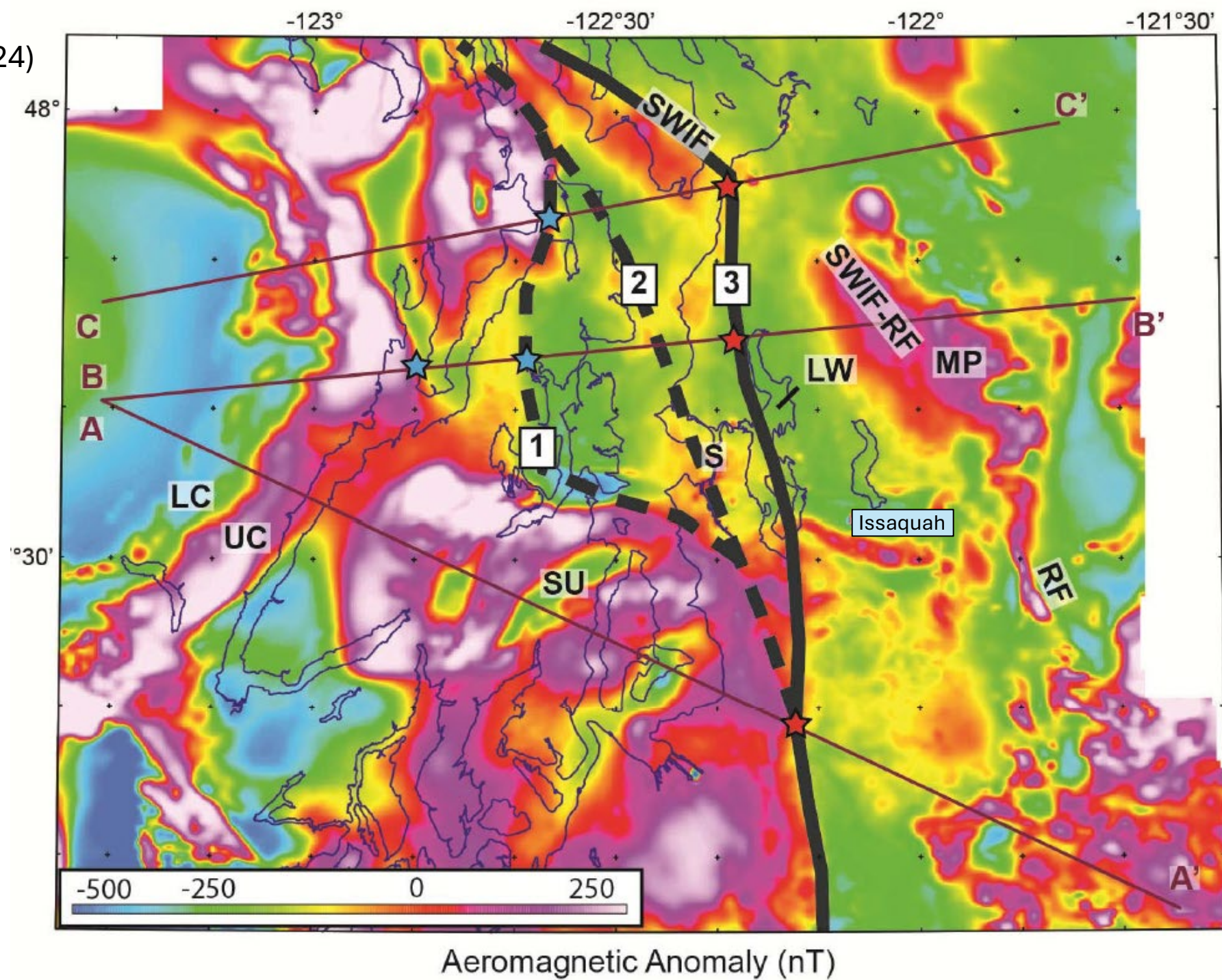


Figure 7b. Cross-section C-C' refers to the paleogeographic map (figure 7a) of the upper portion of the Puget Group.









Anderson et al. (2024)

